

Asbestos Containing Materials

EPA REGULATIONS

- Air toxic regulations under the Clean Air Act specify work practices for asbestos to be followed during demolitions and renovations of all facilities, including, but not limited to, structures, installations, and buildings (excluding residential buildings that have four or fewer dwelling units).
- The regulations require a thorough inspection where the demolition or renovation operation will occur.
- The regulations require the owner or the operator of the renovation or demolition operation to notify the appropriate delegated entity (often a state agency) before any demolition, or before any renovations of buildings that contain a certain threshold amount of regulated asbestos-containing material.
- The rule requires work practice standards that control asbestos emissions. Work practices often involve removing all asbestos-containing materials, adequately wetting all regulated asbestos-containing materials, sealing the material in leak tight containers and disposing of the asbestos-containing waste material as expediently as practicable. These work practice standards are designed to minimize the release of asbestos fibers during building demolition or renovation waste packaging, transportation and disposal.
- The rule generally requires that asbestos-containing waste material be sealed in a leak-tight container while wet, labeled, and disposed of properly in a landfill qualified to receive asbestos waste.
- Transportation vehicles that move the waste from the point of generation to the asbestos landfill have

special labeling requirements and waste shipment recordkeeping requirements.

- *For further information concerning the EPA Regulations contact the Asbestos Abatement/Management Ombudsman at 1-800-368-5888*

JEFFERSON COUNTY SOLID WASTE POLICY

- All asbestos accepted at the Circular Butte Landfill will be considered as friable asbestos.
- All whole building demolition waste must be accompanied by a document of proof of asbestos removal or the non-containment of asbestos. This proof is the responsibility of the waste generator.
- All loads of asbestos must be accompanied by a waste shipment record.
- All customers wanting to dispose of asbestos containing waste at the Circular Butte Landfill must give 24 hours notice before being allowed to dispose of the waste.
- Every waste containing asbestos to be disposed of at the Circular Butte Landfill must be double bagged in 6 mil poly bags and must be wet inside the bags.
- All bags or containers must be labeled with the name of the waste generator and the location where the waste was generated.
- Customers must unload their own asbestos waste and must have qualified personnel with them when unloading waste in case of accidental bag tears or spills.
- *For further information concerning the policy of the Jefferson County Solid Waste department contact the landfill office at 208-663-4406.*

Disposing of Lead-based Paint and Asbestos Containing Materials in Jefferson County, Idaho



Lead-based Painted Materials

EPA REGULATIONS

- Wastes which may contain lead-based paint that are generated from normal household activities are considered household wastes, and therefore, are not regulated as hazardous wastes under the RCRA hazardous waste regulations. Such wastes are considered normal household refuse for regulatory purposes.
- The types of wastes that are subject to this exclusion include paint scrapings, rags, plastic sheets, painted architectural components (e.g., doors, windows, trim, support structures, and other interior or exterior wood debris) and other similar wastes generated from household maintenance, renovation, remodeling and or other normal household activities. These materials can be disposed of at a municipal solid waste landfill or a construction and demolition landfill.
- Wastes could be generated by the householder, or by a person or business hired by the householder to do the work. The term “household” in this context includes units described in 40 CFR 261.4(b)(1) such as single and multiple family residences, hotels and motels.
- Whole structure demolition debris containing lead-based paint is not considered household waste, since whole structure demolition is not considered normal “household” activity, even if the demolished structure is a house or other type of dwelling unit. Wastes of this nature are subject to a hazardous waste determination, which could include but is not limited to a Toxic Characteristic leaching Procedure (TCLP) testing by a certified lab.

- *For further information concerning the disposal of lead-based painted materials please contact the National lead Information Center at 1-800-424-5323.*

JEFFERSON COUNTY SOLID WASTE POLICY

** Structures constructed before 1978**

- Lead-based paint debris will be accepted from “households” as described above on a case-by-case basis.
- The waste generator is required to provide the County with the address and owner contact information from which the debris was removed.
- Lead-based paint debris will be disposed of in an area away from municipal waste that is received for disposal at the landfill.
- The County will not accept lead-based paint containing debris from whole structure demolitions unless the generator can prove to the County, via a hazardous waste determination, that the waste is not deemed hazardous under the RCRA hazardous waste regulation. This waste would be considered by the County on a case-by-case basis.
- The burden of proof, stating a material is acceptable for disposal, will fall on the generator of the waste material. The waste generator will be responsible for providing the landfill with a hazardous waste determination statement and copies of all testing results performed on the material. Any further testing, that the County requests, will be the responsibility of the waste generator.
- *For further information concerning the policy of the Jefferson County Solid Waste department contact the landfill office at 208-663-4406.*



Jefferson County reserves the right to refuse the acceptance of any waste at any Jefferson County operated landfill facility.

Hazardous waste regulations can be found in Title 40 of the Code of Federal Regulations Parts 260-266, 268, 270, 273 and 279.